

## Obligation and necessity

### 5 Choose the correct alternative.

When you use a computer, you should / **shouldn't** / **mustn't** sit correctly in your chair.

#### Health advice for computer users

- 1 You **mustn't** / **should** / **have to** use just one finger when you type. This will cause problems.
- 2 You **must** / **don't have to** / **ought to** press the mouse hard. It's better if you press it softly.
- 3 Don't keep a lot of things on your desk near your computer. Your desk **doesn't have to** / **mustn't** / **should** be clear.
- 4 You **needn't** / **have to** / **mustn't** sit at the computer for long periods of time. It's not good for you.
- 5 Your arms **shouldn't** / **have to** / **should** rest on the desk when you type. Raise them slightly.
- 6 The printer **should** / **doesn't have to** / **mustn't** be on the desk with the screen. It can be anywhere.

### 6 You are going on a school camping trip. Read the written instructions and complete the spoken instructions from your teacher. Use *have to*, *must*, *mustn't*, *don't have to* or *needn't*.

The bus leaves at 8.00 a.m. from the school car park.  
The school will provide all your food and camping equipment, but not backpacks or hiking boots.  
You will be expected to put up your own tent and to take part in the cooking for your group. Your teachers will tell you what to cook.  
On the trip, it is forbidden to light fires without a teacher's permission. After 9.00 p.m., you must stay in the camp.

You must be in the car park by 7.45 p.m.

- 1 You \_\_\_\_\_ buy any food.
- 2 You \_\_\_\_\_ bring your own backpack and boots.
- 3 You \_\_\_\_\_ light fires without a teacher's permission.
- 4 You \_\_\_\_\_ do some of the cooking.
- 5 You \_\_\_\_\_ decide what to cook.
- 6 You \_\_\_\_\_ leave the camp at night.

## Perfect forms of modal verbs

### 7 Complete the sentences with *should have*, *might have* or *must have* and the correct form of the verbs.

Eduardo's keys are here and he's gone to college! He must have forgotten them. (forget)

- 1 I don't like this T-shirt. I \_\_\_\_\_ the green one. It was a nicer colour. (buy)
- 2 My grandfather had eight brothers and sisters. Their house \_\_\_\_\_ very crowded as it was very small. (be)
- 3 'Silvia's late.' 'Yes. She \_\_\_\_\_ the bus, or maybe she's walking here.' (miss)
- 4 These photos of the city are great. The photographer \_\_\_\_\_ them early in the morning because there aren't many people in them. (take)
- 5 The lorry driver caused the accident. He \_\_\_\_\_ at the red light. (stop)
- 6 'Why is this cake so dry?' 'I don't know. You \_\_\_\_\_ it in the oven for too long, or perhaps the oven was too hot.' (leave)

### 8 Complete the sentences with *could have* or *couldn't have* and a suitable verb.

'I'm sorry I forgot to lend you my guidebook before you went on holiday.'

'Don't worry. I couldn't have carried anything else in my backpack!'

- 1 'It says in the catalogue that this picture was painted by Picasso in 1975.' 'He \_\_\_\_\_ it then, because he died in 1973!'
- 2 If I'd worked harder and done more revision, I \_\_\_\_\_ my exam.
- 3 'Do you know where Ana is?' 'I don't – sorry. She \_\_\_\_\_ into town. I know she was thinking of going today.'
- 4 That was very dangerous! You \_\_\_\_\_ your neck!
- 5 It's lucky that we found a garage when we did. We \_\_\_\_\_ any further. We had almost run out of petrol.
- 6 I've had an awful cold for three days. I \_\_\_\_\_ it from someone at school or from someone on the train.